

EaPPLUS

Eastern Partnership +



Webinar 5

Engaging in Academia - Industry collaboration:
Success story on developing Industry 4.0 in Ukraine

05 February 2019

Agenda

- **10.00-10.10 AM:** Introduction on the EaP PLUS project and the series of webinars
- **10.10-10.45 AM:** Presentation of concept Center 4.0 as key element of innovative ecosystems for industrial hitech
 - Ukrainian landscape of innovators in industrial hi-tech segments
 - Local model of innovative ecosystem
 - Concept of regional and industry Center 4.0 / the deployment in 2018
 - Parallels and possible touch points with DIHs and hi-tech cluster development
 - Cooperation and exchange points with EaP countries
- **10.45-10.55 AM:** Conclusion
- **10.55-11.15 AM:** Q&A

EAP PLUS

- Launched in September 2016 – 3 year long Coordination and Support Action dedicated to EU-EaP STI cooperation
- Builds on previous projects addressing the region (Inco Net EaP, Bilat, BSH...)
- Includes partners from all 6 EaP countries and from several EU MS

3 main objectives:

- Support EU-EaP Policy Dialogue
- Foster interaction between EU-EaP researchers & boost EAP participation in H2020
- Enhance the EU-EaP research-innovation partnerships

EAP PLUS – RDI Webinars

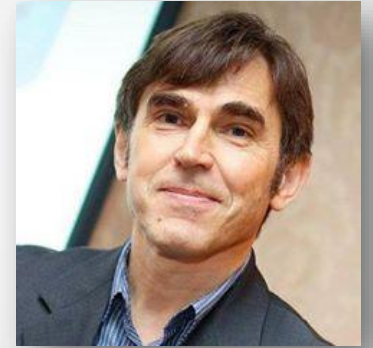
- Six webinars on specific innovation related topics, exploitation paths and other horizontal issues important for the EU EaP RDI cooperation
 - Innovation strategies – April 2017
 - Innovation management – September 2017
 - Exploitation strategy in R&I collaborative projects – December 2017
 - Impact maximisation in R&I collaborative projects – May 2018
 - **Engaging in academia-industry collaboration – February 2019**
 - Internationalization of RDI activities - Exploring the models of international innovation partnerships – May 2019

Speakers

Alexandre Yurchak

CEO in [Association of Industrial Automation of Ukraine \(APPAU\)](#)

Alexandre Yurchak has 25 years of experience working on Industrial Automation and IT markets as business developer and strategist. He spent 12 years in an international company, Schneider Electric, including work in France. In 2005 he came back to Ukraine and continued working for another 6 years in local engineering, machine-building enterprises and later in the national investment agency. Since 2011 Alexandre has been working on his own projects in industrial hi-tech area, predominantly in the APPAU. In 2016 APPAU founded the national movement 'Industry 4.0 in Ukraine' and in 2018 developed the national strategy 4.0.



Krisztina Dax

Consultant at [innoTSD](#), France

She specializes in European (H2020) projects and regional economic development, having worked on projects such as NearUS, YAKSHA, BILAT 4.0, EAP+ and Black Sea Horizon, specifically with impact maximization of these projects. She is a native speaker of Hungarian and Russian, and speaks English and French.

Industry 4.0 in Ukraine common platform for development **Industrial high-tech sectors**



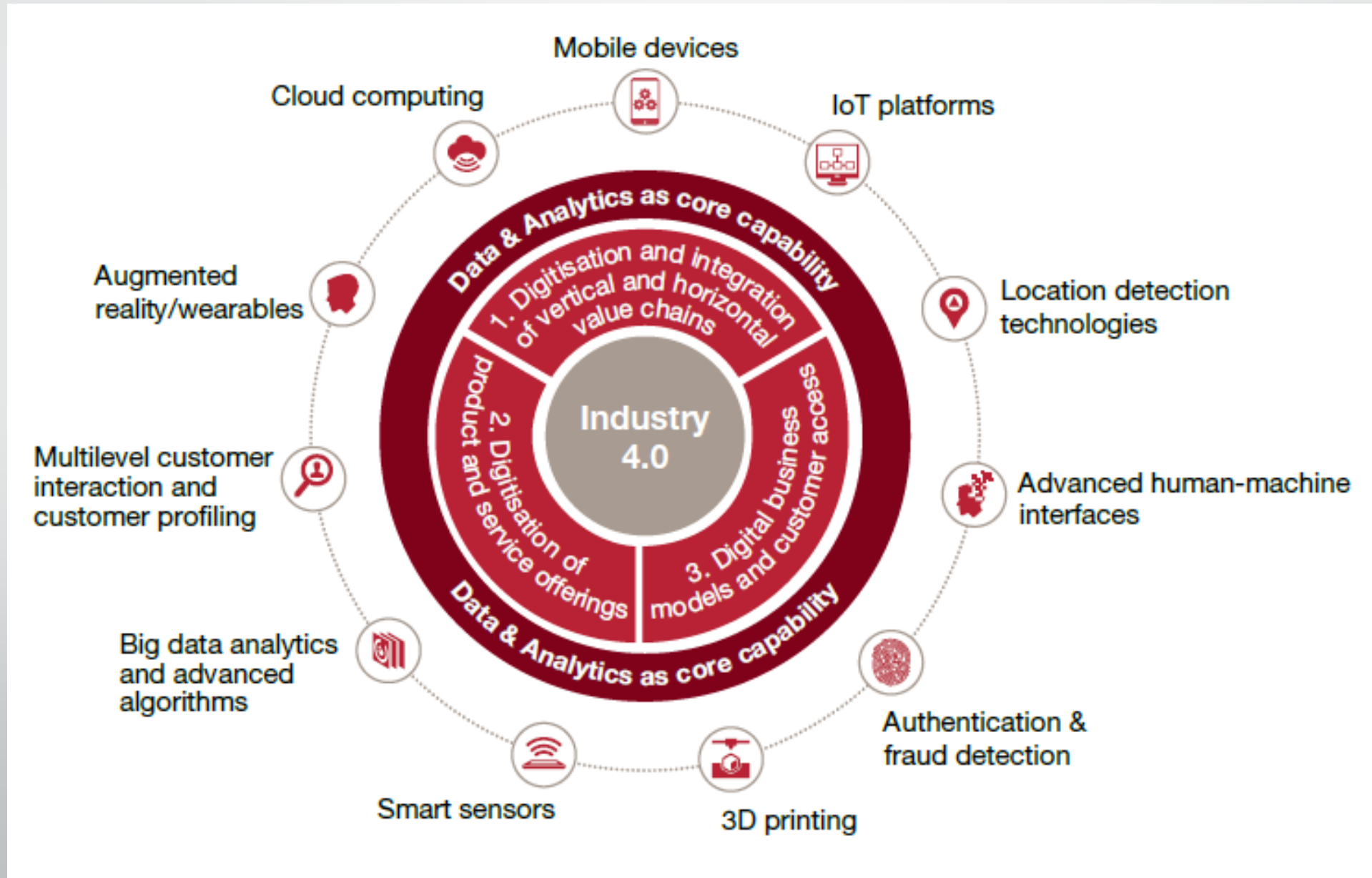
industry4-0-ukraine.com.ua

Technological view (PwC)

Dependence on
3.0

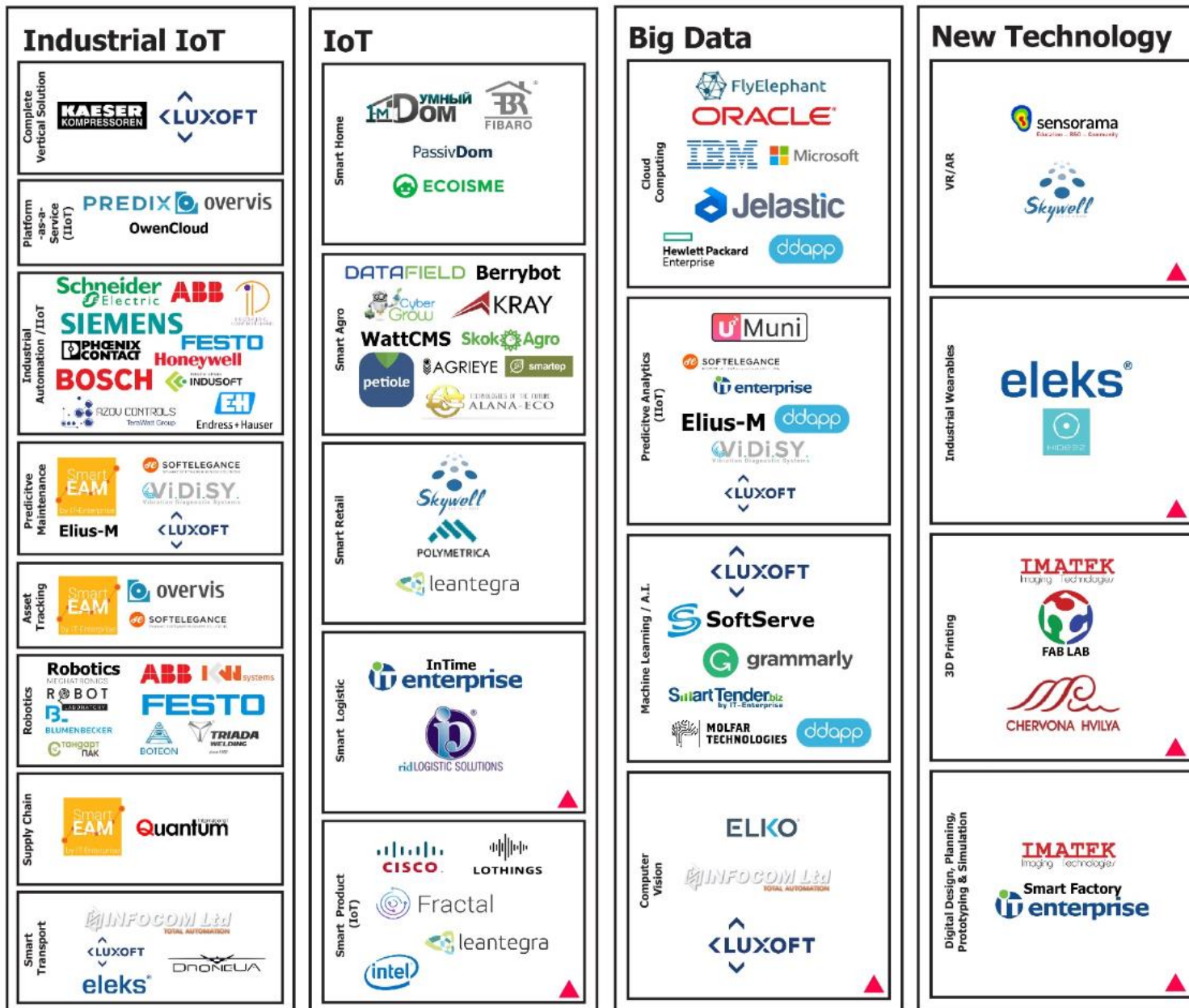
Status of 4.0
per segment

Targets



Industry 4.0 landscape in Ukraine

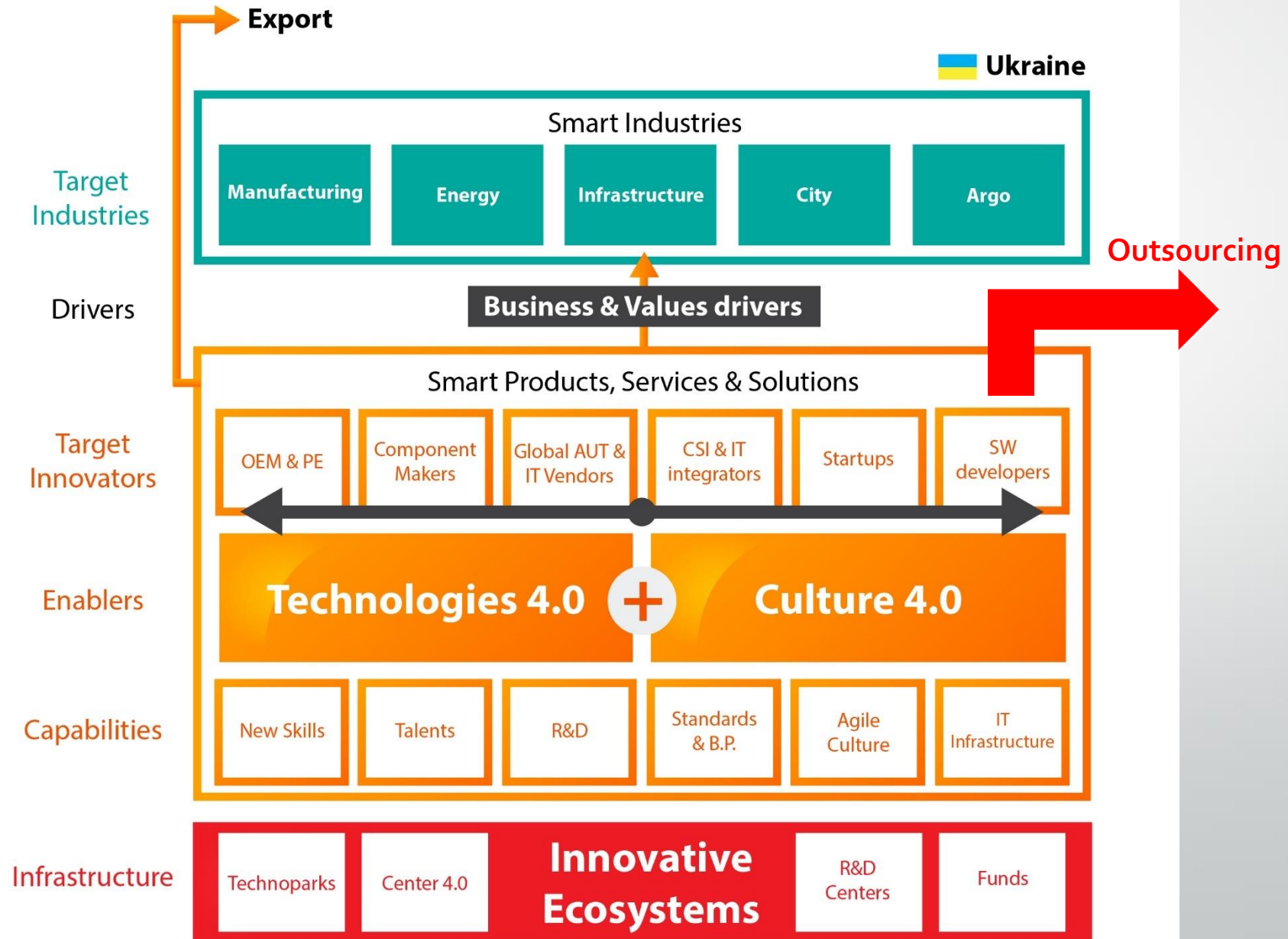
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2017

2019
X3

Strategy framework 4.0



UKRAINIAN TECH INDUSTRY



SAMSUNG

SIEMENS



Volume of IT service exports for 2017 ^[2]

\$3.6B

3.4%
of GDP

[Download the guide](#)



184 700^[3]

software
developers



\$290M^[4]

in startup investments
in 2018



18^[5]

IT service providers

present in the 2018 Global
Outsourcing-100 list

FORTUNE
500

100+^[6]

Fortune 500 companies
have chosen Ukrainian
IT services

SAMSUNG  Google



4000^[7]

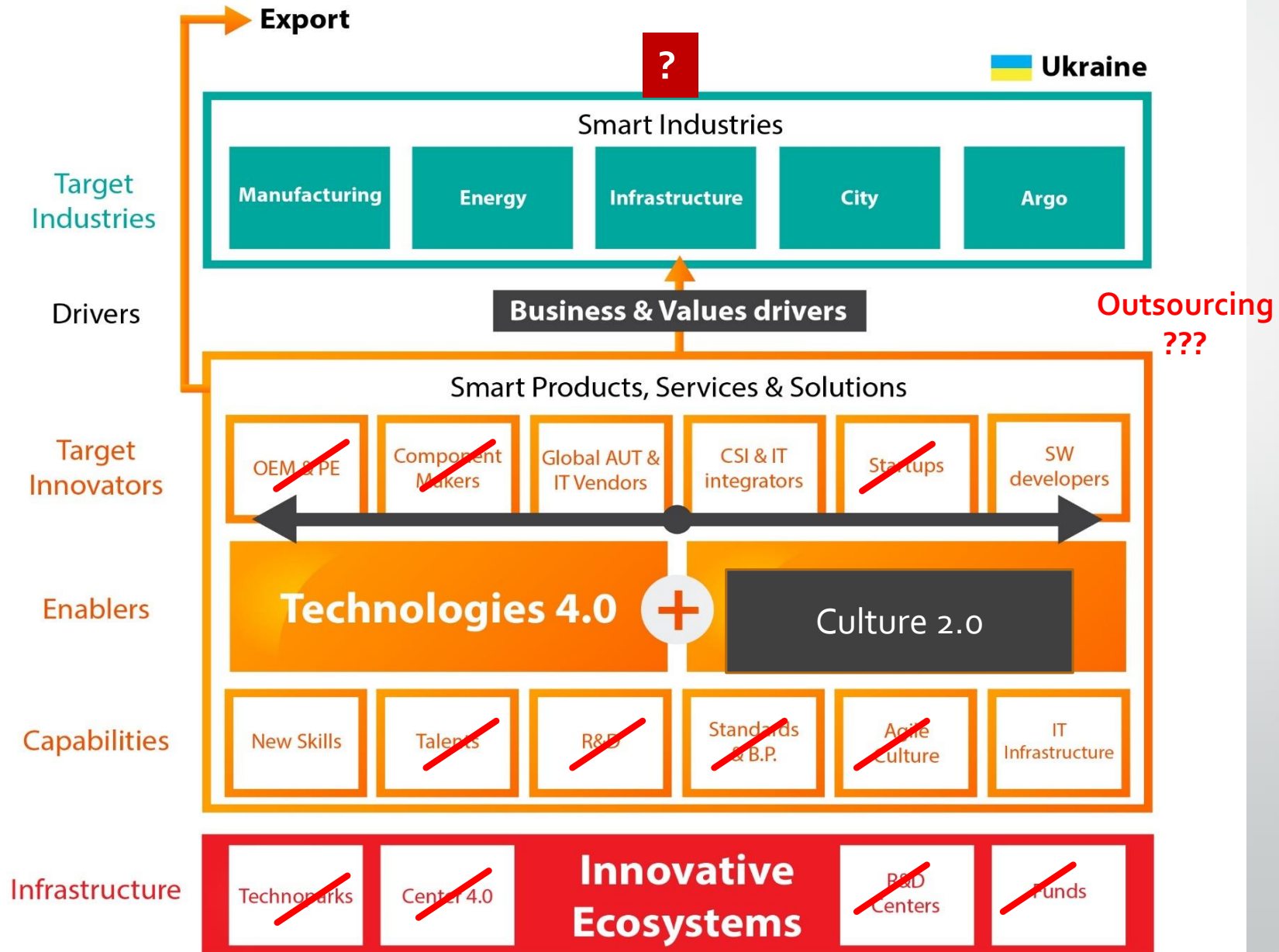
tech companies



2nd^[7]

largest export
industry in 2018

Industrial hi-tech ecosystem is disbalanced





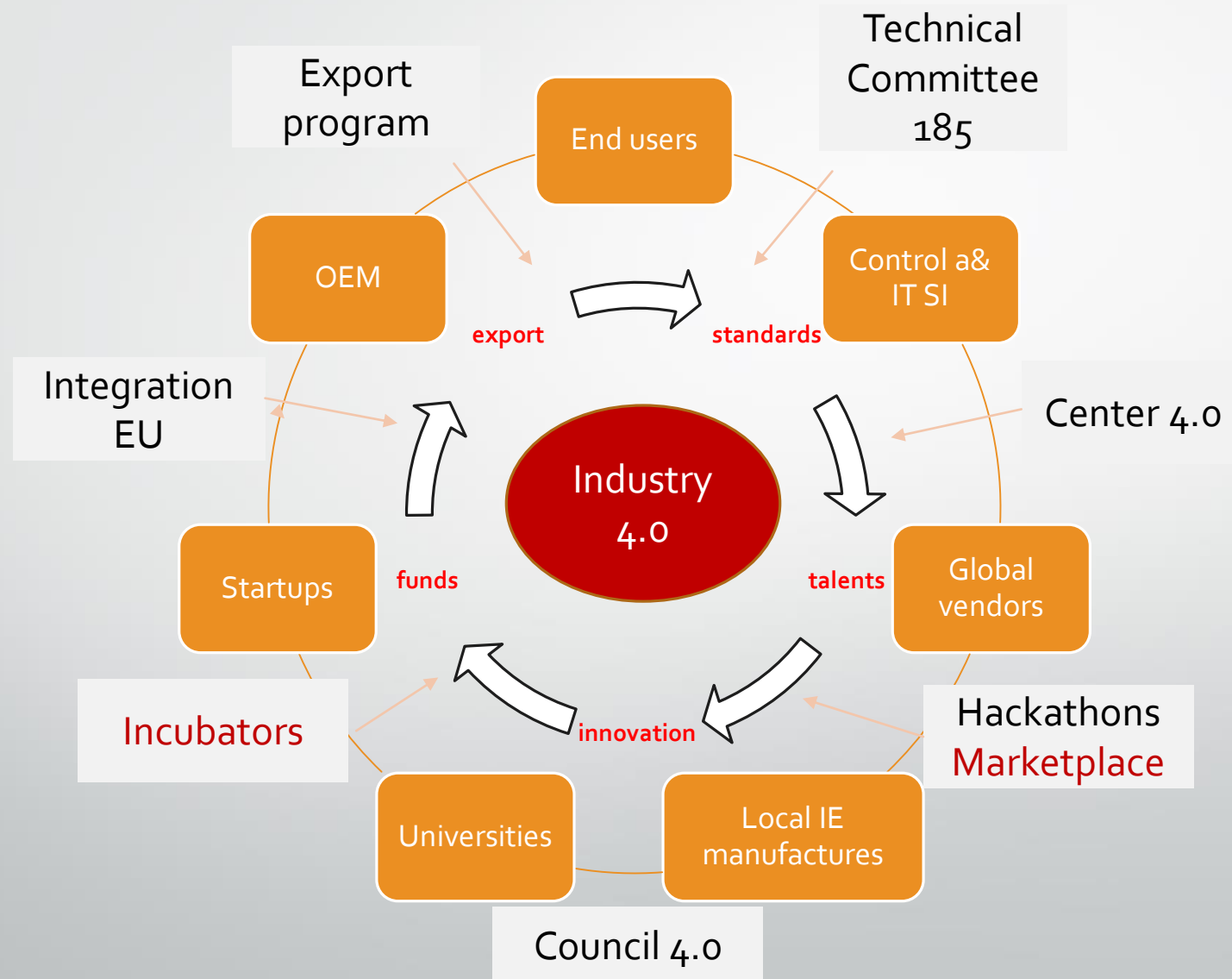
3 main issues during 2016-18

- 1) no national strategy supported by the State
- 2) weak and disbalanced ecosystem
- 3) weak innovation focus on 4.0

Building connected and collective assets



Cluster approach

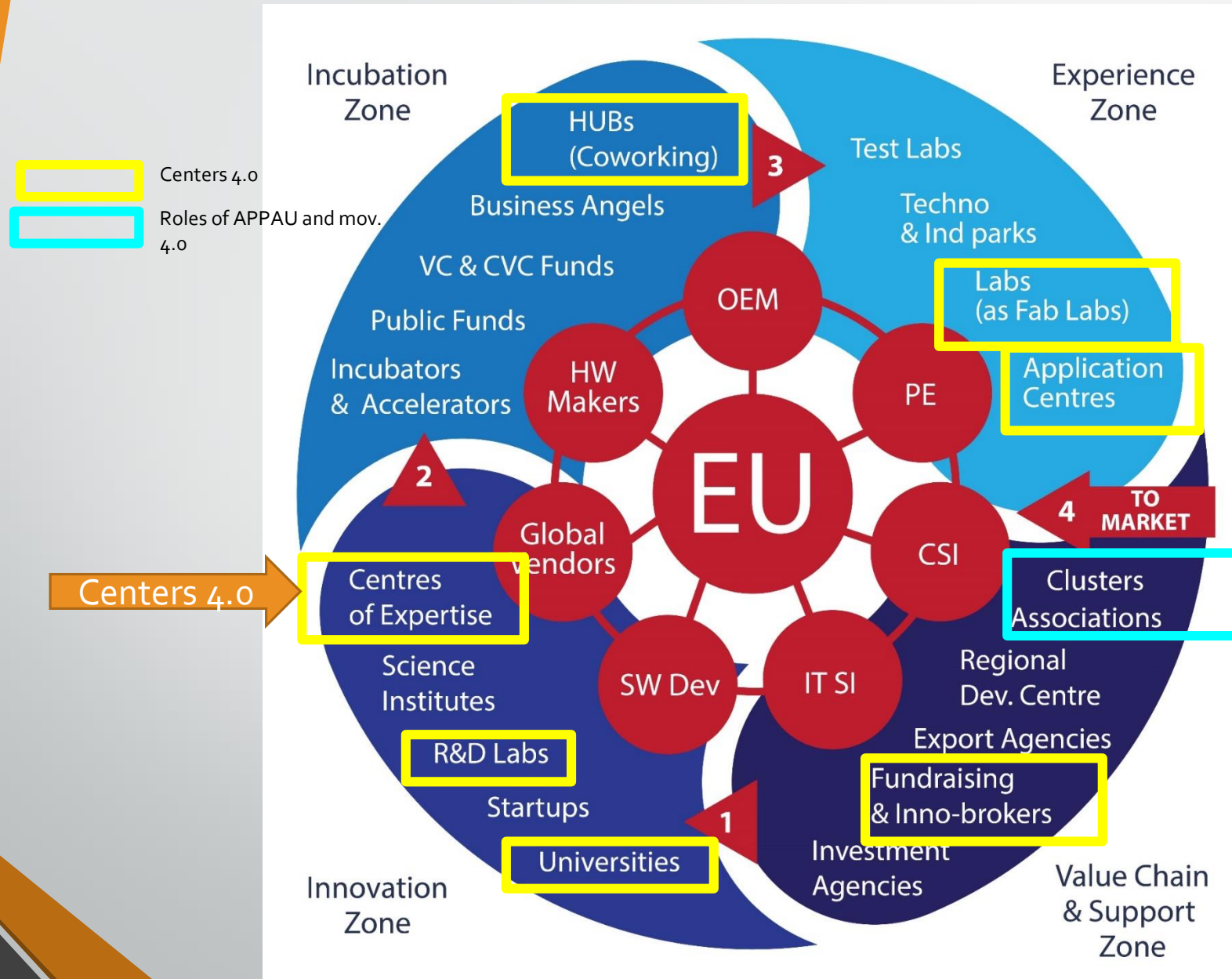


#ActionablePartnership program

(short-term common actions but in strategic directions)

1. Market education
 - Preparing first case-studies (IT-Enterprise, FED, Interpipe)
2. Market analytics
 - Landscape of Industry 4.0 (CIS-Events & group of 6 experts)
3. Innovation, R&D, talents
 - The project '10-top IIoT applications in Ukraine' (10+ players)
 - Launch of Center 4.0 program (whole community)
4. New training & standards
 - Food University with experts of TC185
5. Networking, PR and GR
 - Group Smart Re-industrialization (6 stakeholders incl the Government)

Model of innovative ecosystems





Work with Universities

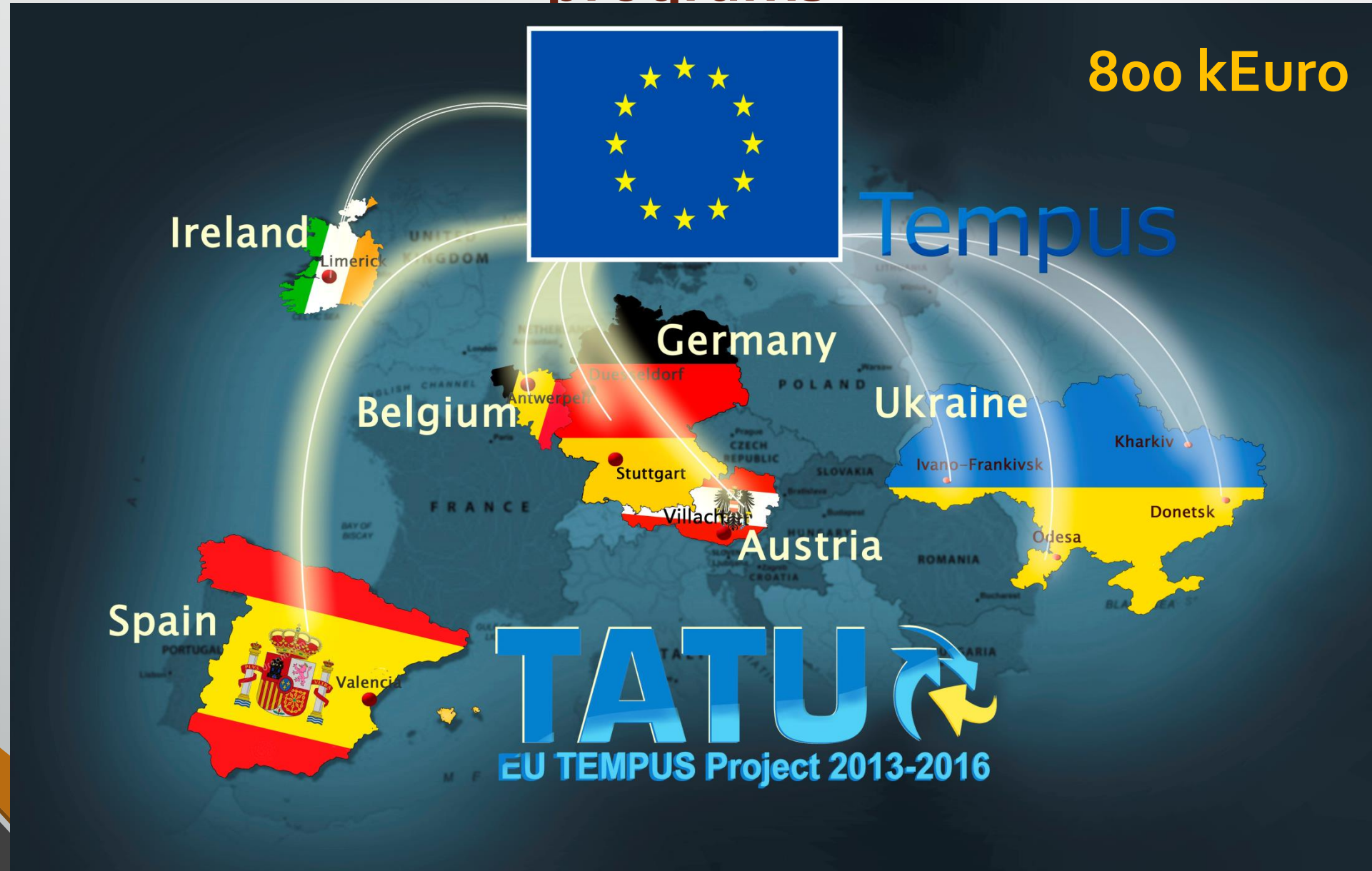
Development of Center 4.0

Local context and experience

2012-2017

- 300+ Universities / 38 thousands engineers every year
- Weak market orientation
 - weak contribution to market education (articles, white papers, use-cases...)
 - outdated training programs
 - no or weak matching to employer demands
- But still strong potential
 - Universities are the main talent source for IT- and other hi-tech industries
- Not effective management / disbalanced development program
 - Hype with startups with no or very little connexion to real market

Bad management with integration into EU programs



Gaps are growing

Industrial hi-tech

- Growing deficit of talents
- Losses in competitiveness
- Weak export



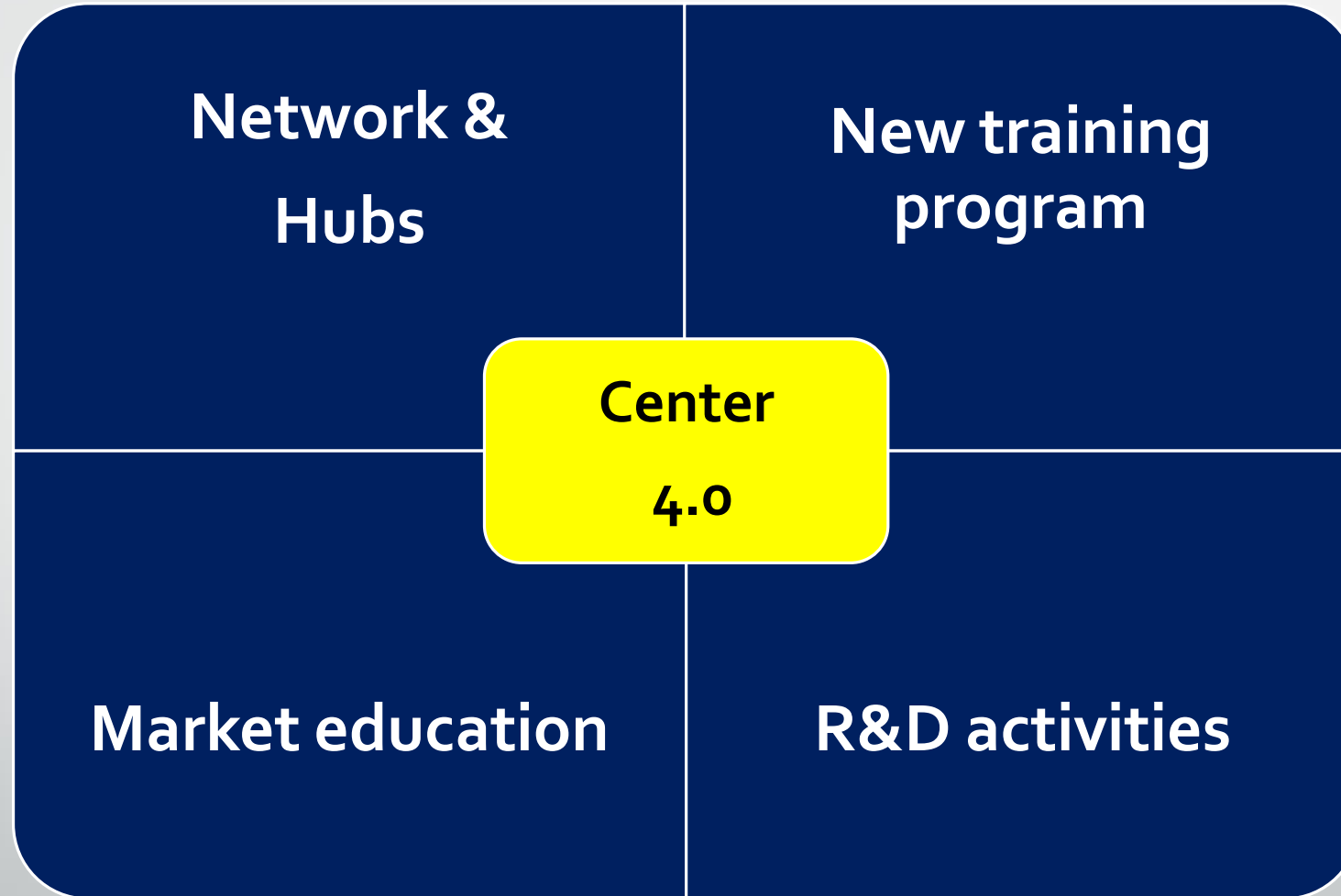
IT-outsourcing

- Global markets
- Hi salaries
- Weak product approach

BRAIN DRAIN



4 new roles of Center 4.0



Clear functions, agreement and KPI

- Networking and Hub
 - Coordinated activity plan
 - Creation of industry & regional landscape 4.0
 - Engagement of innovator 4.0 to Center activities
- New training program
 - Number of new training programs in 4.0 technologies
- Market education
 - Number of conferences, articles, case-studies, white papers and so on
- R&D activity
 - Planning of own R&D activities
 - Active participation in Incubators / concurs / awards...

The network through Ukraine



Про регіональні центри

Створення регіональних осередків руху 4.0 на базі вибраних ВНЗ має на меті подолати низьку культуру та знання ринку про технології 4.0, низьку довіру ринку до ВНЗ як осередків знань, підготовки кадрів та надання сервісів з навчання та R&D. В перспективі ці осередки можуть ставати основою для створення відповідних кластерних структур чи технологічних парків.

ДЕТАЛЬНІШЕ

Typical scenario of opening Center 4.0

1st day conference



2d day - visiting leading enterprises



Interpipe steel

Case of vertical and horizontal integration in manufacturing

FED (machine-building)
*Advanced Planning
Scheduling (APS)*













Results of 1st year in Center 4.0 'Odessa'

Main results in Odessa

- R&D activities
 - The most powerful Center: 300+ equipment units, 1300 m² of laboratories
 - Status of FabLab, Center of expertises (U.Robotics, Camozzi, FESTO etc)
 - Awards in many competitions in Robotics, Mechatronics, Automation
- Networking and Hub
 - Full of promo activities: 10 000 + people from all categories
 - Fixing 1st status-quo and starting networking with other Odessa universities
- New training program
 - Autodesk, FESTO, Phoenix contact / A.I., Robotics, Mechatronics
- Market education
 - 30+ events

Driving force of 4.0



| | Industry involvement / demand | Collaboration between different actors | Regional authorities | Public funding / initiation |
|---|-------------------------------|--|----------------------|-----------------------------|
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IoT cluster development



The Polish Research and
Development Cluster of the
Internet of Things

LUBLIN
SCIENCE AND
TECHNOLOGY
PARK

АППАУ



**Building IoT cluster collaboration
program Poland-Ukraine**

EaP / H2020

Creation regional innovative ecosystems

How to develop strong and well balanced regional, innovative ecosystem for industrial hi-tech



TUM International, Germany
Strategic session in Dnipro



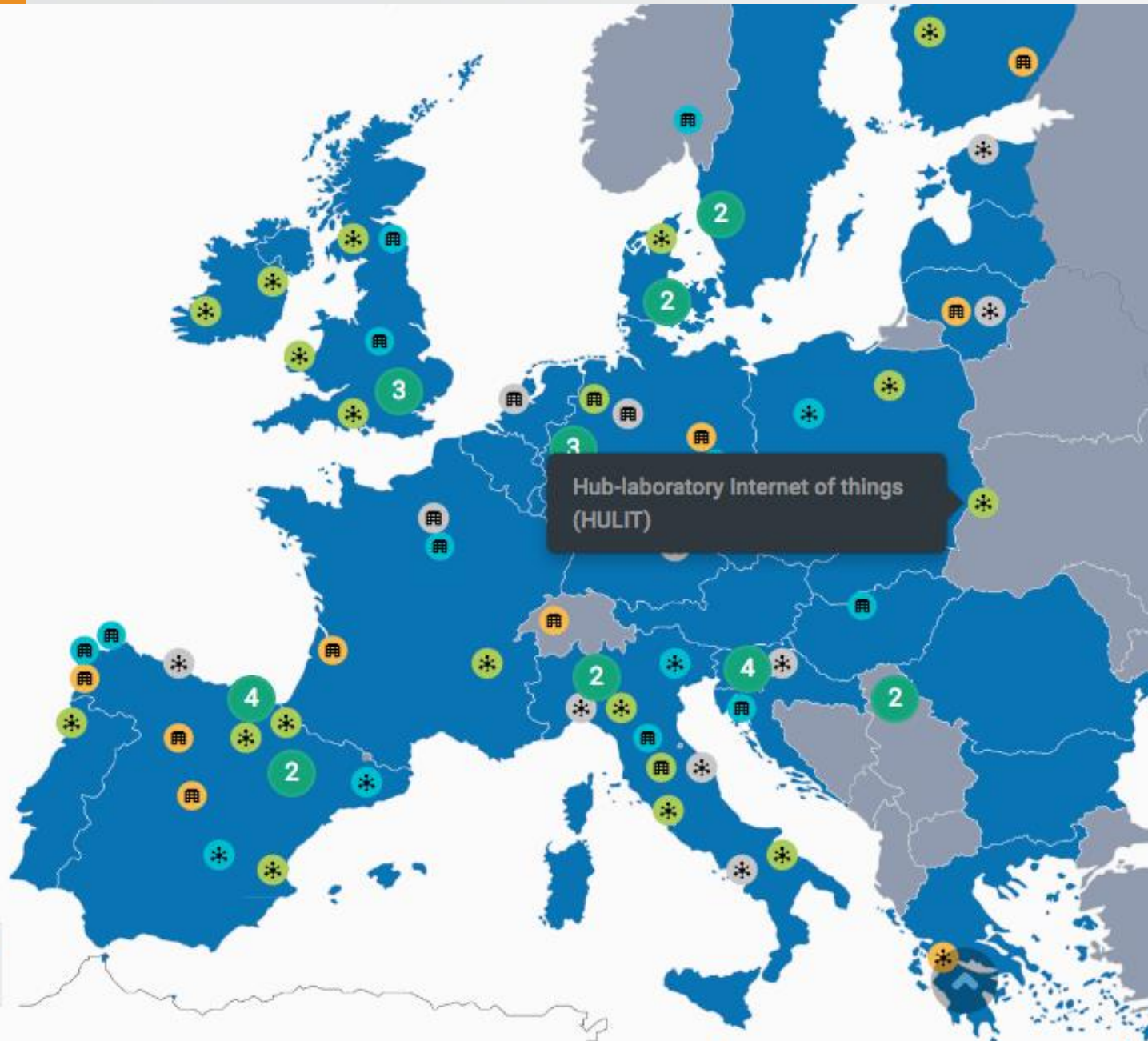


Center 4.0

VS

DIH
(Digital Innovation Hubs)

I4MS: Digital Innovation Hubs



Roles and functions

- Digital expertise
- Testbeds and Labs
- Access to best expertise and solutions base
- Support in commercialization
- Development of innovative ecosystem
- Technologies brokerage
- Access to funds
- Accumulation of market expertise
- Training and education
- Incubation & mentoring

4 area of competences DIHs



Cloud-based
HPC Simulation

High-power computing



Laser

**Advanced laser-based
equipment**



SENSORS, CPS, IOT

Smart Cyber Physical Systems and IoT



Robotics

Industrial robotics systems



National strategy

Industry 4.0

Projects 2019-21

National strategies 4.0 in Europe (12+9)



Industry 4.0: projects 2019-2021



Total budget is roughly 1 million euro

Lessons learnt

1. Strategy 4.0 should be at the national (**State**) level
2. Before integrated into EU ecosystem, University should **be integrated in own market context** (fault with TATU). Inner-based growth is more effective and faster.
3. State is (yet) a bad manager! Leadership should belong to **business-association**
4. **IT should be the key enabler** for digitization of Industrial hi-tech (but not as a 'self-centred' industry)
5. IT best practices for innovations are the best ones... but they should be **adapted for Industrial segments**
6. **Common, shared frameworks** and models help a lot (e.g. innovative ecosystems etc)
7. It's a **tough task** to make University 'market-oriented'... but achievable
8. Collaboration of stakeholders is really **a driving force**
9. International (EU) collaboration is still more beneficial! Common tools, platforms, experience... It can make huge impact on EaP, but all that should be in **right hands**.
10. Strategy is needed, but small, **well targeted and synchronized steps** should be taken as well

Cooperation and exchange points

1. We need and we are ready for **much stronger exchanges** with all 'early-mid maturity level' countries. Perhaps, we should have our own #ActionablePartnership programs **to fix-up all best practices**
2. The special focus on exchanges should be a key issue, common for EaP countries
 1. What is and how to develop **truly innovative ecosystem** for industrial hi-tech
 2. How to speed-up **cluster development** approach
 3. **How to engage and change** the least market-oriented, but the most valuable stakeholders (as Universities and Science)
3. Best practices for integration in EU programs

Any questions?

Thank you!